

FORM 4 END TERM 1 EXAMS HISTORY

Class of KCSE March 2022.

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Name.....Adm No.....class

311/1

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

PAPER 1

END TERM 1

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS :

- This paper consists of **three** sections **A, B** and **C**.
- Answer **all** questions in section **A**, **three** questions from section **B** , and **two** questions from section **C**

For Examiner's Use Only

Sections	A	B				C			Total Score
Questions	1 – 17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	
Marks									

1. Name the Pre-historic site in Kenya where the Kenyapithecus fossil was discovered. (1 mk)
2. State two economic activities which the maasai acquired as a result of the interaction with the Agikuyu during their settlement in Kenya. (2 mks)
3. What was the base of the political organization of the Iteso during the Pre-colonial period. (1 mk)
4. State the main importance of the Devonshire White paper in 1923 on Africans. (1 mk)
5. Name one woman who actively participated in mau mau war. (1 mk)
6. Give two reasons why the Omani rulers were interested in establishing their control over the Kenyan

- Coast. (2 mks)
7. Give two reasons for the establishment of local native councils (LNC) during colonial period. (1 mk)
 8. Define the term dual citizenship. (1 mk)
 9. Identify two conditions for one to be declared duly elected as President of the republic of Kenya. (2 mks)
 10. Name the two houses of parliament under the new constitution of Kenya. (2 mks)
 11. Give one political reason for the construction of the Kenya Uganda railway. (1 mk)
 12. State the main constitutional amendment in Kenya in 1991. (1 mk)
 13. Give two functions of the colonial chiefs in Kenya. (1 mk)
 14. Give two methods used to resolve conflicts in Kenya. (2 mks)
 15. Identify two groups which monitors human rights in Kenya. (2 mks)
 16. Give two way through which the colonial government controlled the migration of Africans to the urban centres. (2 mks)
 17. State one feature of African socialism . (1 mk)

SECTION B: (45 MARKS)

(Answer three questions only)

- 18a) State five reasons for the migration of the Maasai from their original homeland (5 mks)
- b) Explain the effects of the migration and settlement of the Bantu Speakers in Kenya. (10 mks)
- 19a) Why were the British interested in establishing control over Kenya during the scramble for Africa. (5 mks)
- b) Explain five reasons why the Nandi resisted against the British for a long time. (10 mks)
- 20a) Highlight three factors which enabled the white settlers to establish large scale farming in Kenya. (3 mks)
- b) Explain six effects of indirect rule in Kenya. (12 mks)
- 21a) State five factors that favoured Mau Mau freedom fighters in Kenya (5 mks)
- b) Explain five factors that made the political organization and movement to demand for political independence after 1945 in Kenya (10 mks)

SECTION C: (30 MARKS)

(Answer any two questions from this section)

- 22a) Identify three organs of the National security in Kenya. (3mks)
- b) Explain six functions of the speaker of the National Assembly.
- 23a) Give three units of Kenya Police Service. (3 mks)
- b) Explain six functions of the Kenya defence forces. (12 mks)
- 24a) Give three functions of the supreme court in Kenya. (3 mks)
- b) Explain the six key changes in the new constitution of Kenya (2010) (12 mk)

END TERM 1

- Answer all questions in section A (25 marks)
- Answer three questions in section B (45 marks)
- Answer two questions in section C (30 marks)
- All questions should be answered in correct English.

Section	A	B				C			
Question	1-17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	Total score

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

1. State two shortcomings of oral tradition as a source of information in history (2 marks)
2. State two archaeological sources of information of history and government (2 marks)
3. Give one main physical features of Homo erectus (1 marks)
4. State two theories explaining the origin of agriculture. (2 marks)
5. Identify two methods of irrigation used by the Sumerians (2 marks)
6. Give two methods of trade 2 marks. (2 marks)
7. Identify two roles of Tuaregs in the Trans-saharan trade. (2 marks)
8. State one negative effects of modern means of transport. (1 mark)
9. Give one advantage of cell phone. (1 marks)
10. State one role of religion in the political organization of Shona Kingdom.
11. State one factor that undermines industrialization in Brazil. (1 mark)
12. Identify the main political factors which prompted France to look for colonies in Africa.(1 mark)
13. Give one economic reasons for the growth of African nationalism in Ghana (1 mark)
14. State two ways in which the rise of dictators contributed to the outbreak of the Second World War. (2 marks)
15. Name one organ of commonwealth which is responsible for policy making. (1 mark)
16. Identify one main cause of the cold war. (1 mark)
17. Identify two structures of the African union. (2 marks)

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

18. (a) Outline five changes that marked the Agrarian Revolution in Britain (5 marks)
(b) Explain five ways in which food shortage affects people in third world countries. (10 marks)
- 19.(a) Give five factors that influenced to the development of urban centers in Africa during the pre-colonial period. (5 marks)
(b) Describe five the social effects of urbanization on European society in the 19th century.(10 marks)
- 20.(a) Identify five methods used by European powers to acquire colonies in Africa (5 marks)

(b) Explain five negative effects of the partition of Africa on African communities .(10 marks)

21. (a) Identify five methods used by nationalists in Ghana in their struggle for independence.(5 marks)

(b) Describe five problems faced by nationalists in Mozambique. (10 marks)

SECTION C (30 MARKS)